

Dear Reader,

A provision map shows what the school intends to do to support children's learning and practices that may be adopted when additional support is required. We are constantly trying to make this document accessible and understandable to all readers. If you find anything you are unsure about, please inform the school and we shall aim to rectify this. Your information helps us be more supportive.

After each acronym and some specific words, there is a \* to denote further explanation can be found in the glossary.

### **Graduated Approach**

At Bagshot Infant School, we follow a graduated approach to supporting those with SEND as part of Surrey Council's SEND Profiles of Need. We begin with Quality First Teaching or **WAVE 1** support. Where this is not having enough impact, we move on to small group interventions and short-term interventions to support learners, **WAVE 2**. **WAVE 3** support is used where both of these models need further adaption so support learners' individual needs.

### Waves of Support

Provision is defined under three 'waves of support'. This ensures children receive the right level of support based upon their current needs.

**WAVE 1** = What is on offer to all children, the effective inclusion of all pupils in high-quality everyday personalised teaching.

**WAVE 2** = Targeted catch up provision for groups to 'put children back on course'.

**WAVE 3** = Deeper intervention, offering a more personalised solution, sometimes one to one.

### Areas of need

Special Educational Needs are categorised under four headings. These categories are explained in more detail in our SEND policy. Here is a brief break down of their meanings.



### **Cognition and Learning:**

For example, where children learn at a slower pace than others their age, have difficulty in understanding parts of the curriculum, have difficulties with organisation and memory skills, or have a specific difficulty affecting one particular part of their learning performance such as in literacy or numeracy.

### Social, Emotional and Mental Health:

For example, where children and young people have difficulty in managing their relationships with other people, are withdrawn, or if they behave in ways that may hinder their and other children's learning, or that have an impact on their health and wellbeing.

Speech, Language and Communication (also known as Communicating and interacting):

For example, where children and young people have speech, language and communication difficulties which make it difficult for them to make sense of language or to understand how to communicate effectively and appropriately with others

### **Physical and Sensory:**

for example, children and young people with visual and/or hearing impairments, or a physical need that means they must have additional ongoing support and equipment



Cognition and Learning	Social, Emotional and Mental Health
Supportive and stimulating classroom environment	Whole school positive behaviour system
Learning prompts on walls and on desks in resource packs	Stickers, golden cards and certificates
Engaging displays	Expectations are clear
Teaching Assistant support in class	Class charters
Thinking time	PHSE* curriculum (Jigsaw)
Partner talk	Informal circle time
Mini whiteboard work	Good transition support
Mixture of practical, verbal and written recording	Adult led playground activities
Regular monitoring of lessons	Pupil voice
Planned seating	Reward times
Mini plenaries*	Nurture embedded throughout the curriculum
Speech, Language and Communication	Physical and Sensory
Visual timetables in each classroom	Sensory resources provided
TA* support to read instructions and assist with clarification	Audits of space and accessibility to different areas
Visual prompts	Specialist equipment used on a regular basis
ICT used when necessary	Staff trained in supporting with physical needs
Additional time for some tasks	Adapted curriculum
Strategies to promote listening	Use of ICT support where necessary
Paired and small group work	Positive ethos to all needs and expectation of respect and tolerance.
Partner talk	



WAVE 2- Additional learning support including small group interventions		
Cognition and Learning Smaller groups for phonics Literacy support groups based upon Early Literacy Support Numeracy support groups based upon Firstclass@number* Some 1:1 targeted work	Social, Emotional and Mental Health Communication books Personal learning contracts Promotion of independent support skills Daily Reward Charts ELSA* support 1:1 teacher/ TA* time where necessary.	
<b>Speech, Language and Communication</b> Speech and Language trained Teaching Assistant Speech and Language extra support groups Advice from specialists acted upon within the classroom.	Physical and SensoryOccupational Therapy groupsPhysiotherapy programmes followed in classUse of soft play and sensory roomICT support and equipmentFine motor skills groups	



WAVE 3- Individual Specific Targeted Suppor	t
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Cognition and Learning	Social, Emotional and Mental Health
Individual assessments and targeted progress	1:1 ELSA* support sessions
Individual support in class	Personal behaviour support plan
Individual out of class teaching from specific skills	Personal behaviour risk assessments
Additional 1:1 reading	1:1 assistant support
Access to LLS* and EP* consultations and support	Playground support including the modelling of play*
TEACHH* trays	Now and Next* cards to support timetable
	Curriculum adaptions
	Access to BSS* and EP* support
Speech, Language and Communication	Physical and Sensory
1:1 Speech and Language sessions	Disabled toilets
PEC's Pictorial Exchange Cards programme*	Wheelchair access to all areas of school
Visual cues	Support with toileting
Access to SaLT* and EP*	Physiotherapy sessions
	Adapted resources for curriculum and learning
	1:1 support where needed
	2:1 support for physical activities with risk
	Sensory diet programmes
	Timetable of equipment used to support development
	Personal eating and dietary introduction plans
	Horse-riding with the RDA

Provision in all waves is constantly monitored and updated. This list is updated based on the needs of the children in our school at the time. All new provision is reviewed and training takes place to support our staff in their use. If your child needs a provision that you cannot see on this list, please talk to the Inclusion Lead or Headteacher about the possibilities of implementation.



### **Bagshot Infant School- Whole School Provision Map**

### **Glossary of Acronyms and Terms**

ASC= Autistic Spectrum Condition. Also known as ASD Autistic Spectrum Disorder. They are both general terms for a group of complex disorders of brain development.

BSS = Behaviour Support Service. This is a service provided by Surrey County Council. One of the teachers or assistants on their team will work with the school to identify patterns in behaviour, triggers and work on approaches to support behaviour needs.

ELSA= Emotional Literacy Support Assistant. A member of our staff is a trained ELSA. Her role is to support children and young people in school to understand and regulate their own emotions whilst also respecting the feelings of those around them.

EP= Educational Psychologist Educational psychologists are applied psychologists working both within the educational system and in the community. They are concerned with children's learning, well-being and development. They have skills in a range of psychological and educational assessment.

FFT= Fischer Family Trust. This organisation have created a range of intervention programmes to support children who require extra support with reading or writing.

First-class@number= This is a maths intervention programme based on improving children's number work skills. It highlights gaps in learning and aims to cover learning that has not been retained.

LLS= Language and Literacy Support. This is a service provided by Surrey County Council. Specialist teachers assess a children's understanding of language and LLS assistants work with some children for a period of time to revisit learning that has not been retained.

Modelling of Play= Showing children how to play with different equipment and others in a socially acceptable way.

Now and Next= Used with pictures to help a child break their day down into manageable chunks. The next activity is an incentive to undertake the activity shown now. Mainly used with children with ASC\* and Social, Emotional and Mental Health Needs.

PHSE= Personal, Health and Social Education.

Plenaries= recapping the learning, reviewing your work, deciding how to improve. Takes place at the end of the lesson (plenary) but also during the lesson, this is known as mini plenaries



SaLT= Speech and Language Therapist/Therapy. A specialist therapist from Surrey County Council will work with, plan intervention for and diagnose Speech and Language difficulties.

TA= Teaching Assistant

TEACHH= TEACCH developed the intervention approach called "Structured TEACCHing", an array of teaching or treatment principles and strategies based on the learning characteristics of individuals with ASD, including strengths in visual information processing, and difficulties with social communication, attention, and executive function.